## feATURES

- Frequency Error $<0.09 \%$ Max at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Start-Up Time <110us at All Frequencies
- 1.7V to 5.5 V Single Supply Operation
- $105 \mu$ A Typical Supply Current at $32 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{V}^{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$
- $490 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ Typical Supply Current at $8 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{V}^{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$
- Typical RMS Period Jitter $<0.15 \%$ at $\mathrm{V}^{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$
- No External Components to Set Frequency
- 5 Options Cover 32.768 kHz to 8.192 MHz :

LTC6930-4.19: 4.194304MHz $\div \mathrm{N}$
LTC6930-5.00: $5.000000 \mathrm{MHz} \div \mathrm{N}$
LTC6930-7.37: 7.373800MHz $\div \mathrm{N}$
LTC6930-8.00: 8.000000MHz $\div \mathrm{N}$
LTC6930-8.19: 8.192000MHz $\div \mathrm{N}$
Where $N=1,2,4,8,16,32,64,128$
(N Determined by State of DIVA, DIVB, DIVC Pins)

- $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Operating Temperature Range
- Tiny $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ DFN or MS8 Package


## APPLICATIONS

- Digitally Controlled Oscillator
- Microprocessor Clock
- Power Supply Clock
- Portable and Battery Operated Devices


## DESCRIPTIOn

The LTC ${ }^{6} 6930$ series is afamily of very low power precision silicon oscillators with a frequency error less than $0.09 \%$. For each oscillator, the user can select one of 8 frequencies between 32.768 kHz and 8.192 MHz . Based on a fixed master oscillator frequency, internal frequency dividers between 1 and 128 provide the 8 different frequencies. The LTC6930 requires no external components other than power supply bypass capacitors. Requiring only a single 1.7 V to 5.5 V supply enables operation from a single Li-lon cell or 2 AA alkaline cells.

The LTC6930 features a proprietary control architecture that allows for ultralow power operation while maintaining industry leading accuracy and jitter specifications. The exceptionally fast start-up time, combined with the low power consumption, is ideal for battery operated applications with frequent power-up cycles.

Any frequency from 32.768 kHz to 8.192 MHz can be provided by the factory. Minimum order sizes apply for custom frequencies. Please consult LTC Marketing for details.
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## TYPICAL APPLICATION

4MHz Micropower Clock Generator


Typical Frequency Error Distribution


## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATIOGS

## (Note 1)

Total Supply Voltage
( ${ }^{+}$to GND) $\qquad$ -0.3 V to 6 V
Any Input Pin to GND (DIV Pins) $\qquad$ .-0.3 V to $\mathrm{V}^{+}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$
Operating Temperature Range (Note 2)
$\qquad$
LTC6930I. ......................................... $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ LTC6930H ........................................ $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Specified Temperature Range (Note 3) LTC6930C $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ LTC6930I............................................. $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ LTC6930H ........................................ $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Storage Temperature Range.................. $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec ) $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## pIn COnfiguration



DCB PACKAGE
8-LEAD ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) PLASTIC DFN $T_{J M A X}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \theta_{J A}=64^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ EXPOSED PAD (PIN 9) MUST BE SOLDERED TO GND


## ORDER INFORMATION

Lead Free Finish

| TAPE AND REEL (MINI) | TAPE AND REEL | PART MARKING* | PACKAGE DESCRIPTION | TEMPERATURE RANGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LTC6930CDCB-4.19\#TRMPBF | LTC6930CDCB-4.19\#TRPBF | LCKT | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930IDCB-4.19\#TRMPBF | LTC6930IDCB-4.19\#TRPBF | LCKT | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930HDCB-4.19\#TRMPBF | LTC6930HDCB-4.19\#TRPBF | LCKT | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930CDCB-5.00\#TRMPBF | LTC6930CDCB-5.00\#TRPBF | LCKV | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930IDCB-5.00\#TRMPBF | LTC6930IDCB-5.00\#TRPBF | LCKV | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930HDCB-5.00\#TRMPBF | LTC6930HDCB-5.00\#TRPBF | LCKV | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930CDCB-7.37\#TRMPBF | LTC6930CDCB-7.37\#TRPBF | LCKW | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930IDCB-7.37\#TRMPBF | LTC6930IDCB-7.37\#TRPBF | LCKW | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930HDCB-7.37\#TRMPBF | LTC6930HDCB-7.37\#TRPBF | LCKW | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930CDCB-8.00\#TRMPBF | LTC6930CDCB-8.00\#TRPBF | LCKX | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930IDCB-8.00\#TRMPBF | LTC6930IDCB-8.00\#TRPBF | LCKX | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930HDCB-8.00\#TRMPBF | LTC6930HDCB-8.00\#TRPBF | LCKX | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930CDCB-8.19\#TRMPBF | LTC6930CDCB-8.19\#TRPBF | LCKY | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930IDCB-8.19\#TRMPBF | LTC6930IDCB-8.19\#TRPBF | LCKY | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930HDCB-8.19\#TRMPBF | LTC6930HDCB-8.19\#TRPBF | LCKY | 8-Lead ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) Plastic DFN | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

[^0]
## ORDER INFORMATION

| LEAD FREE FINISH | TAPE AND REEL | PART MARKING* | PACKAGE DESCRIPTION | TEMPERATURE RANGE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LTC6930IMS8-4.19\#PBF | LTC6930IMS8-4.19\#TRPBF | LTCKZ | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930HMS8-4.19\#PBF | LTC6930HMS8-4.19\#TRPBF | LTCKZ | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930CMS8-5.00\#PBF | LTC6930CMS8-5.00\#TRPBF | LTCLB | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930IMS8-5.00\#PBF | LTC6930IMS8-5.00\#TRPBF | LTCLB | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930HMS8-5.00\#PBF | LTC6930HMS8-5.00\#TRPBF | LTCLB | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930CMS8-7.37\#PBF | LTC6930CMS8-7.37\#TRPBF | LTCLC | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930IMS8-7.37\#PBF | LTC6930IMS8-7.37\#TRPBF | LTCLC | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930HMS8-7.37\#PBF | LTC6930HMS8-7.37\#TRPBF | LTCLC | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930CMS8-8.00\#PBF | LTC6930CMS8-8.00\#TRPBF | LTCLD | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930IMS8-8.00\#PBF | LTC6930IMS8-8.00\#TRPBF | LTCLD | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930HMS8-8.00\#PBF | LTC6930HMS8-8.00\#TRPBF | LTCLD | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930CMS8-8.19\#PBF | LTC6930CMS8-8.19\#TRPBF | LTCLF | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930IMS8-8.19\#PBF | LTC6930IMS8-8.19\#TRPBF | LTCLF | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| LTC6930HMS8-8.19\#PBF | LTC6930HMS8-8.19\#TRPBF | LTCLF | 8-Lead Plastic MSOP | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

*Temperature grades are identified by a label on the shipping container.
Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.
Consult LTC Marketing for information on lead based finish parts.
For more information on lead free part marking, go to: http://www.linear.com/leadfree/
For more information on tape and reel specifications, go to: http://www.linear.com/tapeandreel/

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The edenotes the specifications which apply vere the full operating

 temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Unless otherwise noted, specifications apply over the full range of operating supply voltage and frequency output: $V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V and all DIV settings with $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}=5 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}=\infty$.| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\Delta \mathrm{fi}$ | Initial Frequency Accuracy | DIVA $=$ DIVB $=$ DIVC $=0, \mathrm{~T}_{\text {A }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}^{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 0.08 | 0.09 | \% |
| $\Delta f$ | Frequency Accuracy (Note 4) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}^{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}-3.6 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { LTC6930C } \\ & \text { LTC6930I } \\ & \text { LTC6930H } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.1 \\ & \pm 0.1 \\ & \pm 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 0.45 \\ \pm 0.65 \\ \pm 1 \end{gathered}$ | \% $\%$ $\%$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}^{+}=2 \mathrm{~V}-3.6 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { LTC6930C } \\ & \text { LTC6930I } \\ & \text { LTC6930H } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.1 \\ & \pm 0.1 \\ & \pm 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 0.52 \\ \pm 0.65 \\ \pm 1.1 \end{gathered}$ | \% \% $\%$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V}-5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { LTC6930C } \\ & \text { LTC6930I } \\ & \text { LTC6930H } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.1 \\ & \pm 0.1 \\ & \pm 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 0.8 \\ \pm 0.95 \\ \pm 1.3 \end{gathered}$ | \% \% $\%$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{f} / \Delta \mathrm{T}$ | Frequency Drift Over Temperature | MS8 Package DCB Package |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.0001 \\ 0.001 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{f} / \Delta \mathrm{V}$ | Frequency Drift Over Supply |  | $\bullet$ |  | 0.07 |  | \%/V |
|  | Long-Term Frequency Stability | (Note 5) | $\bullet$ |  | 30 |  | $\mathrm{ppm} / \sqrt{\text { kHr }}$ |

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The edenotes the speciifications which apply ver the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Unless otherwise noted, specifications apply over the full range of operating supply voltage and frequency output: $\mathrm{V}^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V and all DIV settings with $\mathrm{C}_{\text {LOAD }}=5 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}=\infty$.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RMS Period Jitter | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DIVA = DIVB = DIVC = 0, V+ }=3 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { LTC6930-4.19 }(4.194304 \mathrm{MHz}) \\ & \text { LTC6930-5.00 }(5.000000 \mathrm{MHz}) \\ & \text { LTC6930-7.37 }(7.372800 \mathrm{MHz}) \\ & \text { LTC6930-8.00 }(8.000000 \mathrm{MHz}) \\ & \text { LTC6930-8.19 }(8.192000 \mathrm{MHz}) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 320 \\ & 1.7 \\ & 225 \\ & 1.2 \\ & 180 \\ & 0.97 \\ & 130 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 130 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ |  | ps RMS <br> nsp-p ps RMS <br> nsp-p ps RMS <br> nSp-p ps RMS nSp-p ps RMS nSp-p |

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The denotes the specifications which apply vere the full operating
temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Unless otherwise noted, specifications apply over the full range of operating supply voltage and frequency output: $\mathrm{V}^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V and all DIV settings with $\mathrm{C}_{\text {LOAD }}=5 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{R}_{\text {LOAD }}=\infty$.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{S}$ | Supply Voltage Applied Between $\mathrm{V}^{+}$and GND |  | $\bullet$ | 1.7 |  | 5.5 | V |
| $\overline{I_{S, D C}}$ | $\mathrm{V}^{+}$Combined Supply Current | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LTC6930-4.19 } \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=3 V \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=3 V \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 170 \\ 260 \\ 490 \\ 80 \\ 105 \\ 130 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 290 \\ & 420 \\ & 750 \\ & 160 \\ & 190 \\ & 355 \end{aligned}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LTC6930-5.00 } \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=3 V \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=3 V \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 201 \\ 307 \\ 579 \\ 95 \\ 124 \\ 154 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 430 \\ & 570 \\ & 960 \\ & 176 \\ & 212 \\ & 375 \end{aligned}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\overline{I_{S, D C}}$ | $\mathrm{V}^{+}$Combined Supply Current | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LTC6930-7.37 } \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=3 V \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=3 V \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 296 \\ & 453 \\ & 853 \\ & 139 \\ & 183 \\ & 226 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 480 \\ 660 \\ 1310 \\ 220 \\ 273 \\ 440 \end{gathered}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LTC6930-8.00 } \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=3 V \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=3 V \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 321 \\ & 491 \\ & 926 \\ & 151 \\ & 198 \\ & 246 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 520 \\ 740 \\ 1380 \\ 240 \\ 295 \\ 475 \end{gathered}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LTC6930-8.19 } \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=3 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=3 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=1, V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 310 \\ & 500 \\ & 880 \\ & 150 \\ & 190 \\ & 210 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 490 \\ 760 \\ 1400 \\ 270 \\ 325 \\ 540 \end{gathered}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\overline{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}}$ | Minimum High Level Input Voltage, All Digital Input Pins |  | $\bullet$ |  | 1.25 | 1.4 | V |

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The odenotes the specifications which apply vere the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Unless otherwise noted, specifications apply over the full range of operating supply voltage and frequency output: $\mathrm{V}^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V and all DIV settings with $\mathrm{C}_{\text {LOAD }}=5 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}=\infty$.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VIL | Maximum Low Level Input Voltage, All Digital Input Pins |  | $\bullet$ | 0.7 | 1.25 |  | V |
| 1 l | Digital Input Leakage Current, All Digital Input Pins | $0<\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}<\mathrm{V}^{+}$ | $\bullet$ |  |  | $\pm 1$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| R ${ }_{\text {OUT }}$ | Output Resistance | OUT Pin, $\mathrm{V}^{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 40 |  | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High Level Output Voltage | $\begin{gathered} \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, \text { No Load } \\ V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ V^{+}=3 V \\ V^{+}=2 \mathrm{~V} \\ V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.4 \\ & 2.9 \\ & 1.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5.5 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 1.7 \end{gathered}$ |  | V V V V |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0,1 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { Load to GND } \\ & V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}^{+}=3 V \\ & \mathrm{~V}^{+}=2 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ 2.6 \\ 1.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.2 \\ & 2.7 \\ & 1.6 \\ & 1.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | V V V V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Low Level Output Voltage | $\begin{gathered} \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0, \text { No Load } \\ V^{+}=5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ V^{+}=3 V \\ V^{+}=2 \mathrm{~V} \\ V^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | V V V V |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} \text { DIVA } & =\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0,1 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { Load to } \mathrm{V}^{+} \\ \mathrm{V}^{+} & =5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}^{+} & =3 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}^{+} & =2 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}^{+} & =1.7 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.7 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.35 \end{gathered}$ | V V V V |

## TIMIIG CHARACTGRISTICS The $\bullet$ denotes the specifications which apply vere the full operating temperature

 range, otherwise specifications are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Unless otherwise noted, specifications apply over the full range of operating supply voltage and frequency output: $\mathrm{V}^{+}=1.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V and $\mathrm{f}_{\text {OUT }}=32.768 \mathrm{kHz}$ to 8.192 MHz with $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}=5 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}=\infty$.| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {rf }}$ | Output Rise/Fall Time (10\% to 90\%) | $\mathrm{V}^{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 3 |  | ns |
| DCY | Duty Cycle | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0 ; V^{+}=2 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { DIVA }=\text { DIVB }=\text { DIVC }=0 \\ & \text { DIVA or DIVB or DIVC } \neq 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \bullet \\ & \bullet \\ & \bullet \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & 35 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 50 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 70 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | \% $\%$ $\%$ |
| D DIV | DIV to Fout Delay | Edge of DIV Signal to 1st Accurate Output Cycle |  |  | 1 |  | Cycle |
| DPON | Power On Delay | $\mathrm{V}^{+}>1.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1st Accurate Output Cycle | - |  |  | 110 | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.
Note 2: LTC6930C is guaranteed functional over the operating range of $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Note 3: The LTC6930C is guaranteed to meet specified performance from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The LTC6930C is designed, characterized and expected to meet specified performance from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ but is not tested or QA sampled at these temperatures. The LTC6930 is guaranteed to meet specified performance from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The LTC693OH is guaranteed to meet specified performance from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Note 4: Frequency accuracy and frequency drift are defined as deviation from the nominal frequency or the nominal frequency divided by the integer set through the DIV pins for each part. The nominal frequency for
the LTC6930 family of parts are defined as follows:

| LTC6930-4.19 | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {NOM }}=4.194304 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| LTC6930-5.00 | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {NOM }}=5.000000 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| LTC6930-7.37 | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {NOM }}=7.372800 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| LTC6930-8.00 | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {NOM }}=8.000000 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| LTC6930-8.19 | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {NOM }}=8.192000 \mathrm{MHz}$ |

Note 5: Long-term drift of silicon oscillators is primarily due to the movement of ions and impurities within the silicon and is tested at $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under otherwise nominal operating conditions. Long-term drift is specified as $\mathrm{ppm} / \sqrt{\mathrm{kHr}}$ due to the typically non-linear nature of the drift. To calculate drift for a set time period, translate that time into thousands of hours, take the square root and multiply by the typical drift number. For instance, a year is 8.77 kHr and would yield a drift of 89 ppm at $30 \mathrm{ppm} / \sqrt{\mathrm{kHr}}$. Drift without power applied to the device may be approximated as $1 / 10$ th of the drift with power, or $3 \mathrm{ppm} / \sqrt{\mathrm{kHr}}$ for a $30 \mathrm{ppm} / \sqrt{\mathrm{VHr}}$ device.

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



Typical Supply Current vs DIV Setting


## Typical Supply Current

 vs Temperature

Frequency Error vs Temperature, MS8 Package


Typical Supply Current
vs Load Capacitance


Typical Output Spectrum, 8MHz


Frequency Error vs Temperature, DFN Package


Typical Supply Current vs Supply Voltage


4216 G06

Typical Output Waveform, 8MHz


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



## PIn fUnCTIOnS

$\mathbf{V}^{+}$(Pins 1, 8): Positive Supply Pins. Each supply pin should be bypassed directly to the neighboring GND pin with a $0.1 \mu$ F ceramic capacitor, and must be externally connected to the other $\mathrm{V}^{+}$pin (see recommended layout).

GND (Pins 2, 6): Ground Pins. Each should be connected to a low inductance ground plane and must be connected to the other GND pin and on the DFN package, Pin 9.
DIVA, DIVB, DIVC (Pins 3, 4, 5): Output Prescaler. Selects divide ratio of master oscillator frequency used to generate the output. See frequency setting Table 1 for function. These are standard CMOS logic inputs with a typical threshold of 1.25 V

OUT (Pin 7): Oscillator Output. Drives up to 50pF capacitive or 1k resistive load (Refer to Supply Current vs Load Capacitance in Typical Performance Characteristics section). Typical series resistance is less than $80 \Omega$ at 1.7 V and less than $40 \Omega$ at 3 V supply. The output trace should be isolated as much as possible from Pin 1 and Pin 2. The OUT pin is held low during start-up, and remains free from glitches and runt pulses during DIV pin switching.

Exposed Pad (Pin 9, DFN Only): The Exposed Pad must be soldered to a PCB plane connected to GND.

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

## Theory of Operation

The LTC6930 is an entirely self contained all silicon oscillator which consists of a master oscillator, a control loop and an output frequency divider. The master oscillator operates between 4.2 MHz and 8.2 MHz and is factory programmed. The master oscillatorfrequency is accurately maintained overtemperature and environmental extremes by a proprietary switched capacitor feedback loop.

Each LTC6930 oscillator has an output frequency divider which is controlled via the DIVA, DIVB and DIVC inputs. The divider divides the master frequency by $2^{\mathrm{N}}$, where N is an integer from 0 to 7 (divider ranges from 1 to 128). See Table 1 for the full range of frequencies covered by the LTC6930 family.
The presence of two sets of supply pins and careful internal layout reduce interference between the oscillator output and the control loop. This allows the LTC6930 to provide a clean output frequency with very little deterministic jitter, even in cases of heavy output loading and noisy operating environments.

The supply voltage of the LTC6930 is internally regulated to maintain a very low frequency drift over supply.

## Output Driver and Loading

The output of the LTC6930 is a low series resistance $40 \Omega$ CMOS driver with controlled rise/fall times to limit RF interference and power supply spikes generated by the output while preserving the ability to drive low impedance loads. Especially athigh frequencies, the capacitive loading of the output of the LTC6930 may cause the majority of the power supply dissipation of the part.

The LTC6930 supply current is specified at an output load of 5 pF , which is equivalent to two standard HC logic inputs. The portion of the power supply current needed to drive a capacitive Ioad may be calculated as:

$$
I_{\text {SUPPLY }}=C_{\text {LOAD }} \bullet \vee_{\text {SWING }} \bullet \mathrm{f}_{\text {OSC }}
$$

where $\mathrm{C}_{\text {LOAD }}$ is the 5 pF load capacitance, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SWING }}$ is the voltage swing, in this case up to 5.5 V , and $\mathrm{f}_{\text {osc }}$ is the frequency of the oscillator output. Driving a 5.5 V swing into a 5 pF load at 8 MHz takes an average of $220 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. To calculate the portion of the supply current needed for a 50 pF load, simply substitute 50 pF for $\mathrm{C}_{\text {LOAD }}$ in the same equation:

$$
50 \mathrm{pF} \cdot 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \cdot 8 \mathrm{MHz}=2.2 \mathrm{~mA}
$$

The majority of this power is expended during the rise and fall time of the output signal, not while it is in a steady

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

state. The 2 ns rise and fall times of the LTC6930 mean that the instantaneous power supply current required during the rise and fall portions of the waveform is much greater than the average.

The instantaneous power supply current may be calculated by a similar formula:

$$
\mathrm{I}_{\text {PEAK }}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{LOAD}} \cdot \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{SWING}} \cdot \frac{1}{\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{rf}}}
$$

where $t_{r f}$ is the rise/fall time of the signal. In this case, 14 mA spikes are generated by driving 5.5 V into a 5 pF load.
Power is supplied to the output driver of the LTC6930 from the $\mathrm{V}^{+}$and GND pins on each side of the output pin (Pins 6 and 8). Allowances must be made in the design to provide for output load related supply current spikes, especially in high accuracy applications. A $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ceramic capacitor connected between $\mathrm{V}^{+}$and GND (Pins 6 and 8) as close as possible to the device will decouple the rest of the circuit from spikes caused by powering a capacitive output Ioad of up to 50pF. See Figure 1.


Figure 1. Recommended Layout

## Switching the DIV Pins

The LTC6930 is designed to quickly and cleanly respond to the digital inputs. The output will respond to the DIV pins within a single clock cycle without introducing any sliver or runt pulses.

## Start-Up Time

The start-up time of the LTC6930 is typically $50 \mu$ s from the time that valid power is applied to the first output pulse. The output is held low for the first $50 \mu$ s to prevent any glitches, runt pulses, or invalid frequency output during start-up.

## Long-Term Drift

Long-term stability of silicon oscillators is specified in $\mathrm{ppm} / \sqrt{\mathrm{kHr}}$, which is typical of other silicon devices such as operational amplifiers and voltage references. Because drift in silicon-based oscillators is generated primarily by movement of ions in the silicon, most of the drift is accomplished early in the life of the device and the drift can be expected to level off in the long term. The ppm $/ \sqrt{\mathrm{kHr}}$ unit models this time variant decay. Crystal oscillators are often specified with drift measured in ppm/year because their drift mechanism is different. A comparison of various drift rates over a five year time period is shown in Figure 2.
When calculating the amount of drift to be expected, it is important to consider the entire time in the calculation, because the relationship to time is not linear. The drift for 5 years is not 5 times the drift for one year. A sample


Figure 2. 5 Year Drift at Various Rates

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

calculation for drift over 5 years at $30 \mathrm{ppm} / \sqrt{\mathrm{kHr}}$ is as follows:

5 years • 365.25 days/year $\cdot 24$ hours/day $=43,830$ hours $=43.830 \mathrm{kHr}$
$\sqrt{43.830 \mathrm{kHr}}=6.62 \sqrt{\mathrm{kHr}}$
$6.62 \sqrt{\mathrm{kHr}} \bullet 30 \mathrm{ppm} / \sqrt{\mathrm{kHr}}=0.0198 \%$ over 5 years.
Drift calculations assume that the part is in continuous operation during the entire time period of the calculation. The movement of ions which results in drift is usually aided by electric fields in the operating parts, and the typical drift spec applies while the part is powered up. Conservative calculations would use a tenth of the drift specification for time when power is not applied to the part.

## Setting the Frequency

The output frequency of the LTC6930 is chosen from the values in Table 1 and set using the DIV pins, as noted in the table. Master oscillator frequency is preset in the factory, and the DIV pins select an internal binary divider of up to 128.

For example, if the desired oscillator output frequency is 2.5 MHz , finding 2.5 MHz in Table 1 shows that the LTC6930-5.00 should be ordered, having a master oscillator frequency of 5 MHz , and a DIV value of [001] should be used. This would equate to grounding DIVC and DIVB, while connecting DIVA to the positive supply. Frequencies other than those shown in Table 1 may be requested.

Table 1. Frequency Setting and Available Frequencies

|  | $\div \mathbf{1}$ | $\div \mathbf{2}$ | $\div \mathbf{4}$ | $\div \mathbf{~}$ | $\div \mathbf{9}$ | $\div \mathbf{9 2}$ | $\div \mathbf{6 4}$ | $\div \mathbf{1 2 8}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIV Pin Settings <br> [DIVC][DIVB][DIVA] | $\mathbf{0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 1}$ |
| LTC6930-4.19 | 4.194304 MHz | 2.097152 MHz | 1.048576 MHz | 524.288 kHz | 262.144 kHz | 131.072 kHz | 65.536 kHz | 32.768 kHz |
| LTC6930-5.00 | 5.000 MHz | 2.500 MHz | 1.250 MHz | 625.0 kHz | 312.5 kHz | 156.25 kHz | 78.125 kHz | 39.0625 kHz |
| LTC6930-7.37 | 7.3728 MHz | 3.6864 MHz | 1.8432 MHz | 921.6 kHz | 460.8 kHz | 230.4 kHz | 115.2 kHz | 57.6 kHz |
| LTC6930-8.00 | 8.000 MHz | 4.000 MHz | 2.000 MHz | 1000 kHz | 500.0 kHz | 250.0 kHz | 125.0 kHz | 62.5 kHz |
| LTC6930-8.19 | 8.192 MHz | 4.096 MHz | 2.048 MHz | 1024 kHz | 512.0 kHz | 256.0 kHz | 128.0 kHz | 64.0 kHz |

DCB Package
8-Lead Plastic DFN ( $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ )
(Reference LTC DWG \# 05-08-1718 Rev A)


RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD PITCH AND DIMENSIONS APPLY SOLDER MASK TO AREAS THAT ARE NOT SOLDERED


BOTTOM VIEW—EXPOSED PAD

NOTE:

1. DRAWING IS NOT A JEDEC PACKAGE OUTLINE
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
4. DIMENSIONS OF EXPOSED PAD ON BOTTOM OF PACKAGE DO NOT INCLUDE

MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH, IF PRESENT, SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 mm ON ANY SIDE
5. EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE SOLDER PLATED
6. SHADED AREA IS ONLY A REFERENCE FOR PIN 1 LOCATION ON THE

TOP AND BOTTOM OF PACKAGE

MS8 Package
8-Lead Plastic MSOP
(Reference LTC DWG \# 05-08-1660 Rev F)


NOTE:

1. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETER/(INCH)
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.

MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152 mm (.006") PER SIDE
$\qquad$
4. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.

INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
5. LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.102mm (.004") MAX

## LTC6930-X.XX

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

Dual, Matched, Digitally Programmable, Lowpass Filter, 2kHz to 256 kHz



| DIVC, DIVB, DIVA | $\mathbf{0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{0 1 0}$ | 011 | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | 101 | 110 | 111 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| fCuTOFF | 256 kHz | 128 kHz | 64 kHz | 32 kHz | 16 kHz | 8 kHz | 4 kHz | 2 kHz |

## RELATGD PARTS

| PART NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | COMMENTS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LTC1799 | 1kHz to 33MHz ThinSOT Oscillator, Resistor Set | Wide Frequency Range |
| LTC6900 | 1kHz to 20MHz ThinSOT Oscillator, Resistor Set | Low Power, Wide Frequency Range |
| LTC6902 | Multiphase Oscillator with Spread Spectrum Modulation | $2-, 3-$ or 4-Phase Outputs |
| LTC6903/LTC6904 | 1kHz to 68MHz Serial Port Programmable Oscillator | $0.1 \%$ Frequency Resolution, ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ or SPI Interface |
| LTC6905 | 17MHz to 170MHz ThinSOT Oscillator, Resistor Set | High Frequency, 100 $\mu \mathrm{S}$ Start-Up, 7ps RMS Jitter |
| LTC6905-XXX | Fixed Frequency ThinSOT Oscillator Family, up to 133MHz | No Trim Components Required |
| LTC6906 | Micropower 10kHz to 1MHz ThinSOT Oscillator, Resistor Set | 12 $\mu \mathrm{A}$ Supply Current at $100 \mathrm{kHz}, 0.65 \%$ Frequency Accuracy |
| LTC6907 | Micropower 40kHz to 4MHz ThinSOT Oscillator, Resistor Set | 36 $\mu \mathrm{A}$ Supply Current at $400 \mathrm{kHz}, 0.65 \%$ Frequency Accuracy |
| LTC6908 | Multiphase Oscillator with Spread Spectrum Modulation | 2 Outputs Shifted by Either $180^{\circ}$ or $90^{\circ}$ |


[^0]:    TRM $=500$ pieces.

